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# Copyright Policies of the IJREST

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## 1. Open Access Policies

Open access (OA) refer to online research outputs that are free of all restriction on access ( e.g. no need of subscription to access) but many restriction on use ( e.g. User license certain copyright and license restriction). The IJREST acquire the Gold Open Access Policy and User License CC-BY-NC-ND.

### 1.1 Gold Open Access Policy

IJREST acquire the Gold Open Access Policy (GOA), under the GOA free to access article. All articles published in GOA do not need any subscription to access the article and all contents are free. Authors or someone on their behalf (such as their funder or institution) will pay Article Publishing Charges (APC).

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## 2. Copyright Policies

Copyright policies of the IJREST declare the rights of authors, readers, journal, supporting and funding agencies.

### 2.1 Author Rights

- 2.1.1 Authors must accept and sign IJREST copyright transfer agreement, where authors have copyright but license exclusive rights in their article to the IJREST.
- 2.1.2 Author must accept the Creative Common Attribute-Non Commercial-No Derivative 4.0 International License CC BY-NC-ND. This license allows authors to share the work with others by reserving their copyright rights.
- 2.1.3 Authors can share their work with others as long as they credit to all authors and the journal.

- 2.1.4 Authors have the rights to retain patent, trademark and other intellectual property rights (including research data).
- 2.1.5 Authors not used the article for commercial purpose.
- 2.1.6 Ownership rights of the article only reserved by authors of article.

## **2.2 Reader Rights**

- 2.2.1 Readers can download and use the article contain as long as they credit to all authors of article and the journal.
- 2.2.2 Reader not used the any contain for commercial purpose.
- 2.2.3 Readers have rights to claim on article if copyright policies violation observed.
- 2.2.4 Readers not have the rights to modify the contain of article.

## **2.3 Journal Rights**

- 2.3.1 The journal suspended or block or removes the article because of journal ethics or policies violation.
- 2.3.2 All content of the journal free for everyone, anyone can download and use the article contain as long as they credit to all authors and the IJREST.
- 2.3.3 The Journal uses the article for social development.
- 2.3.4 The journal not an owner of the article but publication rights reserved as per GOA, CC BY-NC-ND and journal policies.

## **2.4 Funding/ Supporting Agencies Rights**

- 2.4.1 Research supporting/ funding agencies of article give the permission and NOC to author to sign copyright transfer and published the article in journal.
- 2.4.2 Research supporting/ funding agencies of article not claim the ownership of the article.
- 2.4.3 Research supporting/ funding agencies of article not used the article for commercial purpose.

## **2.5 Permission/ Protecting for Author Rights**

- 2.5.1 Reader or any other wants to use the article should take the permission by author and the journal.

# **3. Copyright Claim**

The journal outlines the role and responsibilities of authors, corresponding authors, and readers, supporting / funding agencies, journal, investigation team, financial claim and legal claim under the copyright claim policies

## **3.1 Role and Responsibilities of Authors**

- 3.1.1 All Authors sole responsible for the copyright claim on the article.
- 3.1.2 The Journal investigation result of copyright claim must accept by all authors, direct or indirect contributor, supporting/ funding agencies of the article.
- 3.1.3 All authors must reply to the journal email subject to copyright claim within six months of copyright claim received to the journal.
- 3.1.4 Within six months after copyright claim received to the journal, if corresponding author or any authors of article, supporting/ funding organization or any direct or indirect contributor person of article are not replying to the journal email subject to copyright claim, then the journal investigation team

consider as conviction of copyright claim by all any authors, corresponding author, supporting/ funding organization and any direct or indirect contributor person of article.

### **3.2 Role and Responsibilities of Reader**

- 3.2.1 A reader submits the only copyright claim on an article published in the journal.
- 3.2.2 A reader submits the only copyright claim to the journal, another claim does not investigate by the journal.
- 3.2.3 The reader follows the policies of the journal for the copyright claim.
- 3.2.4 The reader waits for investigation process minimum duration is six months.
- 3.2.5 The reader makes a legal claim on the article after completion of the journal investigation.
- 3.2.6 Reader not submits any financial claim (demand or loss) to the journal. That claim directly communicates with authors of the article.

### **3.3 Role and Responsibilities of Corresponding Authors**

- 3.3.1 Corresponding author/ authors are solely responsible for signing the copyright transfer agreement on behalf of all authors of the article.
- 3.3.2 If copyright claim received to the journal then corresponding author initial contact of the article for journals.
- 3.3.3 If copyright claim received to the journal then corresponding author sole responsibility to inform the update of the article to other authors.
- 3.3.4 Journal mail to the only corresponding author in case of a copyright claim, corresponding author responsibility to reply to the journal mail.
- 3.3.5 Within six months after copyright claim received to the journal, if corresponding author or any authors of article, supporting/ funding organization or any direct or indirect contributor person of article are not replying to the journal email subject to copyright claim, then the journal investigation team consider as conviction of copyright claim by all any authors, corresponding author, supporting/ funding organization and any direct or indirect contributor person of article.

### **3.4 Role and Responsibilities of Supporting / Funding Agencies**

- 3.4.1 The journal also emails to supporting/ funding agencies of the article in case of copyright claim received to the journal.
- 3.4.2 If supporting/ funding agencies of the article received mail from the journal subject to copyright claim then agencies responsibilities to inform all authors of the article.
- 3.4.3 Supporting and funding agencies reply to the journal email subject to copyright claim within six months of claim received to the journal.
- 3.4.4 Within six months after copyright claim received to the journal, if corresponding author or any authors of article, supporting/ funding organization or any direct or indirect contributor person of article are not replying to the journal email subject to copyright claim, then the journal investigation team consider as conviction of copyright claim by all any authors, corresponding author, supporting/ funding organization and any direct or indirect contributor person of article.

### **3.5 Role and Responsibilities of the Journal**

- 3.5.1 Action taken against the claim received to the journal as per the journal policies, COPE guidelines and scholarly communities for research and publications guideline.
- 3.5.2 Create separate investigation team for each copyright claims.
- 3.5.3 Information about the investigation team member must be confidential.
- 3.5.4 The journal does not accept any author and reader request to add a member to an investigation team of a copyright claim.
- 3.5.5 Creation, role, responsibilities, evaluation process as per investigation manual of the journal.
- 3.5.6 The minimum time duration of copyright claim investigation is six months.
- 3.5.7 The journal Support to claim till investigation team member generate the result, after on the basis of result action will be taken on the article.
- 3.5.8 The journal makes the financial claim on any users of an article published in the journal without permission of authors and the journal or found violate the journal policies.
- 3.5.9 In copyright claim the journal contacting the corresponding author only, corresponding author responsibility to communicate to other authors of the article.
- 3.5.10 Within six months after copyright claim received to the journal, if corresponding author or any authors of article, supporting/ funding organization or any direct or indirect contributor person of article are not replying to the journal email subject to copyright claim, then the journal investigation team consider as conviction of copyright claim by all any authors, corresponding author, supporting/ funding organization and any direct or indirect contributor person of article.

### **3.6 Roles and Responsibilities of Investigation Team**

- 3.6.1 Any members of investigation team do not have a conflict of interest.
- 3.6.2 All member of investigation team keep all investigation information confidential (like member's personal detail, investigation process, etc.)
- 3.6.3 Investigation team members follow the investigation manual and it revises version for investigation.
- 3.6.4 Any member of investigation team does not try to communicate directly with authors, reader or any person of article involved in a copyright claim.

### **3.7 Financial Claim**

- 3.7.1 The financial loss of any reader or person those make claim on the article not investigate by the journal.
- 3.7.2 If any authors, readers, users, organization, publisher, agencies use the journal published work as commercial purpose or self-interest, or for personal financial profit ( eg. subscription basis) then journal make a legal and financial claim on all of them.
- 3.7.3 Authors have the rights to a financial claim on reader and user of the article who are not given the credits to authors of the article or also on the person who uses the article for commercial purpose.
- 3.7.4 The reader or anyone wants to make a financial claim on an article in case of copyright claim they need to directly communicate to corresponding authors or any authors of the article. Journal only helps them to decide the work is plagiarized or not, or the result of a copyright claim positive or negative.

### **3.8 Legal Claim**

#### **3.8.1 Role and Responsibilities of All Authors**

1. Authors have right to a legal claim on reader and user of the article who are not given the credits to authors of the article or also on the person who uses the article for commercial purpose.
2. In case of legal action taken by anyone on published article in the journal, only all authors and contributors of the article bounded to reply and co-operate the legal claim as per journal policies and sign copyright transfer agreement.
3. Authors and contributors of articles sole responsible for legal claim judgments taken by judiciary system.
4. In case author unsatisfied from the result of journal copyright claim investigation team, so in that case, the journal takes a suggestion from COPE committee on behalf of authors or authors also can contact directly to COPE committee for help, thought out all this process reader must maintain discipline and politeness to the journal.
5. In case copyright claim on authors to an article published in the journal must wait until process duration minimum 6 to 12 months and must maintain discipline, politeness. If authors misbehave or unwanted mail send to journal in that case journal take legal action against the person who misbehaves or unwanted mail sent to a journal.
6. In case copyright claim against the author of the article published in journal unsatisfied from the result of investigation team and COPE committee suggestion. In that case (after completion of both process investigation result and COPE committee suggestion) authors have the rights to take help from judiciary system.
7. Journal only cooperate them (authors and readers) to decide the work is plagiarized or not, or the result of a copyright claim positive or negative.

#### **3.8.2 Role and Responsibilities of Readers**

1. Readers have the right to a legal claim on authors of the article who are not given the credits to reader work use an article which is published in the journal.
2. In case of reader and users use the article copyright content which is published in the journal for their work and readers not given proper credit to authors of the article or use the content of the article for commercial purpose. In that case, readers and users are solely responsible for a legal claim by authors of the article and the journal.
3. In case reader unsatisfied with the result of journal copyright claim investigation team. In that case, the journal takes a suggestion from COPE committee on behalf of reader or reader also can contact directly to COPE committee for help, thought out all this process reader must maintain discipline and politeness to the journal.
4. In case copyright claim by readers to an article published in the journal must wait until process duration minimum 6 to 12 months and must maintain discipline, politeness. If readers misbehave or unwanted mail send to journal in that case journal take legal action against the person who misbehaves or unwanted mail send to the journal.

5. In case readers unsatisfied with the result of the investigation team and COPE committee suggestion. In that case (after completion of both process investigation result and COPE committee suggestion) readers have the rights to take help judiciary system.
6. In case of a legal claim against the readers or users will accept the judgments taken by judiciary system for use of copyright content of the article which is published in the journal without authors and journal permission or commercial purpose or not given proper credit to authors of article and journal.
7. In case readers or any person for a legal claim against the authors of the article published in the journal. In that case, readers directly communicate with the authors of the article.
8. Journal only cooperate them (authors and readers) to decide the work is plagiarized or not, or the result of a copyright claim positive or negative.
9. The readers must refer all journal ethics, policies, copyright transfer agreement norms once before initiates the legal claim on an article published in the journal.

### **3.8.3 Role and Responsibilities of the Journal**

1. The journal has the rights to make a legal claim on anyone who uses article copyright content published in a journal without taken permission and not given credit to authors and journal.
2. The journal has right to make a legal and financial claim if anyone is using the journal published work for commercials purpose.
3. The journal responsibility is to investigate copyright claim and generate the result of investigation positive or negative.
4. In case of a legal claim on authors of the article published in the journal. In that case, the journal only cooperates them (authors and readers) to decide the work is plagiarized or not, or the result of a copyright claim positive or negative.
5. Legal claim issues communicate both the parties (readers and authors) mutually. The journal does not involve in between the legal claim on the article.
6. The journal not involves settling the legal claim issue in between both parties (readers and authors).
7. The journal takes a suggestion from COPE Committee if anyone or both parties (readers and authors) not satisfied with the journal investigation result.
8. The Journal investigation and taken COPE committee suggestion for copyright claim required minimum duration is 6 to 12 months.
9. In case authors or readers not satisfied the result of the investigation team and COPE committee suggestions journal suggest to both authors and readers take help from judiciary system help.
10. In case copyright claim move inside the judiciary system journal provide all needed document to readers and authors and equally cooperate with reader and authors.
11. The journal will accept the judgment of judiciary system against the legal claim.
12. In case copyright claim moves inside the judiciary system the journal publish online under the article in HTML “article under the process of copyright claim case move in a legal claim under the judiciary system”.
13. If the judiciary system gives the judgments in favor of reading the article will be removed from journal and link of the article contain the judiciary system judgment copy in PDF and in HTML below the link of the “article shown Article removed under copyright act by the judgment of the judiciary system”.

14. If the judiciary system judgments in favor of authors the article link keep as it is in a journal and remove the HTML label “article under the process of copyright claim case move in a legal claim under the judiciary system”.

## **4. Copyright Content of Article**

4.1 All authors, readers and any users of the article cite the content of article published in the journal.

4.2 Following list of article contents are cover under copyright policies of the journal and need the citation.

- 4.2.1 Text
- 4.2.2 Figure
- 4.2.3 Graph
- 4.2.4 Table Content
- 4.2.5 Method
- 4.2.6 Result
- 4.2.7 Complete Article

## **5. Way to Credit to Authors and Journal**

### **5.1 How to give the credit to journal published the article to Author and Journal**

- 5.1.1 Cite the article in reference section as journal manuscript preparation guideline or template where work wants to submit by reader or user of article.
- 5.1.2 Assign order number to the article citation as per journal manuscript preparation guideline or template where work want to submit y reader or users of article.
- 5.1.3 Highlight the content used from published work in IJREST, by assigning citation order number in square bracket [1] or as per journal manuscript preparation guideline or template where work want to submit by reader or users of the article.
- 5.1.4 Way to credit citation format and example are as follows or as per journal manuscript preparation guideline or template where work want to submit by reader or users of the article.

#### **Format:**

All Authors Names in Order, “Title of Article”, Journal Title, Publisher, ISSN, Volume Number, Issue Number, Month, Year of publication Page Number (after page number Other detail if available Date of Publication, DOI).

#### **Example:**

SWAPNALI SAWAKARE AND DIMPLE CHAUDHARI, "CLASSIFICATION OF BRAIN TUMOR USING DISCRETE WAVELET TRANSFORM, PRINCIPAL COMPONENT ANALYSIS, AND PROBABILISTIC NEURAL NETWORK ", INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL FOR RESEARCH IN EMERGING SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY, ISSN: 2349-7610, VOLUME-1, ISSUE-6, NOVEMBER, 2014, PAGE NUMBER: 13-19



## **6. Copyright Investigation**

- 6.1 Investigation team only verify plagiarism and generate the result of copyright claim positive or negative on the basis of plagiarism.
- 6.2 Investigation result will be final and accept to all authors of article and reader who make the claim.
- 6.3 In exceptional case journal will be take the help from other scholarly research publication communities or international standards communities like COPE.
- 6.4 Investigation minimum duration is six months from date of claim received.
- 6.5 If investigation result is positive then article removal process initiated by journal and take required action under journal policies against article, author and all person or contributor who directly or indirectly involve in article.
- 6.6 If investigation result is negative then journal inform to reader who make the copyright claim.
- 6.7 If authors and readers not satisfied from result from investigation result of journal in that case, journal will take help from other scholarly research publication communities or international standards communities like COPE.
- 6.8 Author and reader unsatisfied from other scholarly research publication communities or international standards communities like COPE committee suggestion please read the legal claim section for further process.

## **7. Settlement Policies**

- 7.1 Until IJREST not design any settlement policies for copyright claim.
- 7.2 The IJREST not entertain for any request mail for copyright claim settlement.

## **8. Copyright Transfer Agreement**

- 8.1 Author must read the Copyright Transfer Agreement (CTA) before publication of article.
- 8.2 Copyright Transfer Agreement sign by all authors of the article and corresponding author sign is mandatory
- 8.3 In some circumstances at least first author and corresponding author sign mandatory on copyright transfer agreement.
- 8.4 Author must take NOC from research supporting / funding agencies of article before sing the copyright transfer agreement.
- 8.5 Copyright transfer agreement deal with the transfer or license of the copyright to journal by authors retains significant rights to use and share their own published articles with others.
- 8.6 All ethics and policies of the journal available on website are the part of copyright transfer agreement.
- 8.7 All periodic or suddenly revision, modification, correction and upgradation in any Ethics and Policies of the journal on website are part of the copyright transfer agreement.
- 8.8 Sing the Copyright Transfer Agreement by authors consider as the all authors, direct or indirect contributor, supporting or funding agencies of article accept all policies and ethics of the IJREST.

## WARNING

### Proclamations of the IJREST

If any authors, readers and users of article which is published in the journal violate the policies of the journal or found in copyright claim, so under the journal policies needed action taken against the authors, readers and users of article.

The IJREST reserve the rights to revise, update, modify, and upgrade all polices at periodically or at any time. All authors, readers and users of the article published in the journal must accept entire revise, update, modify, and upgrade all polices at periodically or at any time.

Following words used to explain all policies for specific purpose are as follows

1. **Journal:** The Journal/ Journal this word used to represent the IJREST.
2. **Author/ Authors:** This word we used to represent the person/ persons who publish the article in different journals.
3. **Reader/ Readers:**
  - a. This word used for person/ persons who read the article published in the journal and now think to use the content of article for own research work.
  - b. This word used for person/ persons who read the article published in the journal and found author of the article the copied some or complete work already published in some were else and now wants to initiate copyright claim on authors of article.
4. **Contributor:** This word used for the person / persons/ any organization/ any institute/ any universities/ who direct or indirect contribute for article.
5. **Supporting/ Funding Agencies:** Used for private, public, government, social organization, agencies, institute, universities, who direct or indirect contribute financially for article.
6. **Judiciary System:** Used for national or international copyright act and copyright claim move inside court under copyright act to solve the legal issues (like Copyright content claim or financial claim)
7. **NOC:** No Objection Certificate for permission of funding agencies.