

The Manuscript Preparation Guidelines of the IJREST

The Manuscript evolved from the Latin Manu Scriptus, meaning “written by hand.” Manu is “hand” and Scriptus is “to write.” The Journal refers MANUSCRIPT as to a writer's unpublished work which is typed. The Journal are accept, process and publish two type of manuscript Original Research Manuscript and Review or Comparative Manuscript. Journals defined a section of the manuscript that helps to authors for a place their research content in manuscript and design quality article which is useful for others.

1. List of Manuscript the Journal Accept
 - 1.1 Original Research Manuscript
 - 1.2 Review or Comparative Manuscript

2. Manuscript Section Outlines
 - 2.1 Title
 - 2.2 Authors Information
 - 2.3 Abstract
 - 2.4 Keywords
 - 2.5 Research Funding Information
 - 2.6 Introduction
 - 2.7 Literature Review
 - 2.8 Method
 - 2.9 Review
 - 2.10 Result
 - 2.11 Discussion
 - 2.12 Future Scope
 - 2.13 Conclusion
 - 2.14 Acknowledgment
 - 2.15 References
 - 2.16 Authors Information

3. Templates of Manuscripts

4. Manuscript
 - 4.1 Submission
 - 4.2 Processing
 - 4.3 Publishing

5. Guidelines for Manuscript Format Preparation

6. Cover Letter

1. List of Manuscript the Journal Accept

1.1 Original Research Manuscript

1. Title
2. Authors Information
3. Abstract
4. Keywords
5. Funding/ Research Supporter Information (if any)
6. Introduction
7. Literature Survey/ Related Work/ Previous Work Done
8. Method/ Design and Implementation/
9. Result
10. Discussion/ Performance Evaluation
11. Future Scope
12. Conclusion
13. Acknowledgments
14. References
15. Authors Information(Photo, Detail Information)

1.2 Review or Comparative Manuscript

1. Title
2. Author Information
3. Abstract
4. Keywords
5. Funding/ Research Supporter Information (if any)
6. Introduction
7. Literature Survey/ Related Work/ Previous Work Done
8. Review/ Survey/ Comparative Review/ Survey/ Comparative views
9. Discussion
10. Future Scope
11. Conclusion
12. Acknowledgments
13. References
14. Authors Information (Photo, Detail information)

2. Manuscript Section Outlines

Journal outline the section of the manuscript, journal suggestions to authors to refer the outlines detail and use the journal templates for all section format specification detail before preparing the manuscript.

2.1 Title:

The title should be brief and specific to the topic of the article and should include information that, along with the Abstract. Avoid use of abbreviations in the title. The first letter of all words except for prepositions, articles, and conjunctions should be capitalized in the Title. Refer journal formatting guidelines given at the end of this document and manuscript template for format details.

E.g. "Modeling and Performance Simulation on Source Initiative Routing Protocol in Wireless Network"

2.2 Authors Information

Provide names of all authors in the same way either used initials or complete name. Affiliation details should include the name of the department(s) and institution(s), university, organizations, city, state, country, and where the work attributed should be specified for all authors. Contact detail of all authors in manuscript use email mandatory. At least one of the author's name should be designated as the corresponding author with a hash mark (#) used to indicate corresponding author name. It is the corresponding author responsibility to ensure that the author's list and the summary of the author's contributions to the study are accurate and complete.

Also must read the authorship content on the journal:

- 2.1.1 Types of Authors
- 2.1.2 Corresponding Authors
- 2.1.3 Order of Authors
- 2.1.4 COPE Guidelines of Authorship
- 2.1.5 Role and Responsibilities of Authors
- 2.1.6 Role and Responsibilities of Corresponding Author
- 2.1.7 Copyright Policies of the Journal

2.3 Abstract

An abstract is a brief summary of a research article, thesis, review, conference proceeding, or any in-depth analysis of a particular subject and is often used to help the reader quickly comprehend the purpose of the article. When used, an abstract always appears at the beginning of a manuscript or typescript, acting as the point-of-entry for any given article. Abstract introduces the article and it should

mention the Original research, systematic reviews, meta-analyses require structured, techniques used without going into methodological detail and should summarize the most important results. The abstract should provide the context or background for the study and should state the study's purpose, basic procedures (selection of study participants, settings, measurements, analytical methods), main findings (giving specific effect sizes and they are statistical if possible), and principal conclusions. Please do not include any citations in the abstract and avoid using abbreviations if possible.

2.4 Keywords

Authors should provide 4-6 keywords for article indexing purposes. Keywords should be separated by comma and format as per the templates of the journal. Avoid general and plural terms and multiple concepts (avoid, for example, 'and', 'of'). For examples of keywords, list refer IEEE keywords list [http://www.ieee.org/organizations/pubs/ani_prod/keywrd98.txt]

2.5 Funding/ Research Supporter Information (if any)

These include grants, equipment, and/or other support that facilitated the conduct of the work described in the article or the writing of the article itself.

2.6 Introduction

An introduction in the article is a beginning section which states the purpose and goals. Introductions provide a context or background for the study (that is, the nature of the problem, problem statements and its significance). State the specific purpose or research objective of, or hypothesis tested by, the study or observation. Cite only directly pertinent references, and do not include data or conclusions from the work being reported.

2.7 Literature Review / Related Work/ Previous Work Done

A Literature review article study and summarizes previously published studies, rather than reporting new facts or analysis. Previously published work used in literature review with proper creditability and authorship of the work, also citation provide in the reference section of submit article. The literature review section shows the references in square bracket [1] and the order number of reference used for study/ preparation research article.

2.8 Method/ Design and Implementation

Method section includes in only original research type of article (read type of article) not included in the review and other types of article. This section should be clarity about how and why a study was done in a particular way. The methods section should aim to be sufficiently detailed such that others with access to the data would be able to reproduce the results. Method section clearly mentions Selection and Description of Participants, Technical Information, Statistic or way to solve problem observe in research. In general, the section should include only information that was available at the time the plan or protocol for the study was being written; all information of problem statement, a solution of problem goal to design to an article on obtained during the study belongs in the Results section.

2.9 Review or Comparative Study

Review or Comparative section include only in review manuscript, this section should be clarity about previous work published by researchers. This section should aim analytical study, meta-analysis, and comparative analysis of previous work done. This section also targets on to find the new areas of research and focus on the future scope of existing work, demand in previous work done by researchers.

2.10 Result

Result section includes in only original research type of article (read type of article) not included in the review and other types of article. Result section contains possible outcomes associated with method section. Present your results in logical sequence in the text, tables, and figures, giving the main or most important findings first. Do not repeat all the data in the tables or figures in the text; emphasize or summarize only the most important observations. Provide data on all primary and secondary outcomes identified in the Methods Section. Use graph, table, and flowcharts for the show the resulting outcome of methodology implements in the article.

2.11 Discussion/ Performance Evaluation

It is useful to begin the discussion by briefly summarizing the main findings, explore possible mechanisms or explanations for these findings and outcomes of review and methods.

2.12 Future Scope

Future scope section contains Future demand, the Future scope of the work, and future development scope in existing article suggestion for other researchers.

2.13 Conclusion

The goals of the study stated in the section, also discuss pros and cons of the outcome of the study.

2.14 Acknowledgment

People not an author but contributed to the article the work should be listed in the Acknowledgment, along with their contributions. Authors are requested to ensure that anyone named in the Acknowledgment agrees to be so named. Authors do not to Acknowledge to reviewers and editor of the journal.

2.15 References

A reference, also called a citation, cites your sources when adding content to an article, it will help to readers verify facts or find more details. It is also useful to improve or update existing references.

Authors should provide direct references to original research sources whenever possible. References should not be used by authors, editors, or peer reviewers to promote self-interests. Although references to review articles can be an efficient way to guide readers to a body of literature, review articles do not always reflect original work accurately. On the other hand, extensive lists of references to original work on a topic can use excessive space. Fewer references to key original papers often serve as well as more exhaustive lists, particularly since references can now be added to the electronic version of published papers, and since electronic literature searching allows readers to retrieve published literature efficiently.

Only published or accepted manuscripts should be included in the reference list. Meetings, abstracts, conference talks, or papers that have been submitted but not yet accepted should not be cited.

References should be numbered consecutively in the order once in article preparation and used as per the order in the article. Refer the journal template for style and format of reference.

Also refer the copyright policies are as follows

2.15.1 Copyright Policies of the Journal

2.15.2 Publication Ethics of the Journal

2.15.3 COPE Guidelines

Format:

All Authors Names in Order, "Title of Article", Journal Title, Publisher, ISSN, Volume Number, Issue Number, Month, Year of publication Page Number (after page number Other detail if available Date of Publication, DOI).

Example:

SWAPNALI SAWAKARE AND DIMPLE CHAUDHARI,
**"CLASSIFICATION OF BRAIN TUMOR USING DISCRETE
 WAVELET TRANSFORM, PRINCIPAL COMPONENT ANALYSIS,
 AND PROBABILISTIC NEURAL NETWORK "**, INTERNATIONAL
 JOURNAL FOR RESEARCH IN EMERGING SCIENCE AND
 TECHNOLOGY, ISSN: 2349-7610, VOLUME-1, ISSUE-6, NOVEMBER,
 2014, PAGE NUMBER: 13-19

2.16 Authors Information

Author's information section contains authors name in a specific order (like First, Second). Authors must be adding Photo, Name, Designation, Qualification, Short Introduction, and Membership of organization if any.

3. Manuscript Templates

Manuscript Templates of the journal describe the detail about the format specification of article content of following parameters:

- Page setup: size, layout, margin, one column, two columns
- Headings: Headings, Subheadings, the sequence number of headings and sub-heading
- Text: font type, font size, italic, bold, line spacing, and the sequence number of sections, topics, and points of all text of the article.
- Table: table and table contents format
- Figures: Flowcharts, All Diagrams
- Images: Experiment Setup, Results
- Graphs and Chart: All Graphs and Chart
- Formulas: way to write the equations and formulas
- All Sections: Manuscript Sections Formats
- References: Citation Format for the journal

4. Manuscript States

- 4.4 **Submission:** Submission of Manuscript in One Column Format.
- 4.5 **Processing:** Manuscript Reviewing, Processing, Modification, Revision in Single Column Format
- 4.6 **Publishing:** Article Published in Two-Columns Format

5. Guidelines for Manuscript Format Preparation

The journal manuscript format in Microsoft Word 2010, journal recommend author used Microsoft Word above version 2010. Authors prepare and send the manuscript in Microsoft Word “.doc” file format.

Page Layout	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Page Size: A4 (8.27” x 11.69”) 2. Margins: Narrow (Top, Bottom, Left, Right: 0.5”) 3. Line Spacing: 1.5 (Remove all space before and after paragraphs) 4. Columns: One 	
Title of Manuscript	Font Type: Bell MT; Font Size:20; Align: Center; Bold: No	
Authors Name	Font Type: Bell MT; Font Size:16; Align: Center; Bold: No	
Corresponding Authors Name	Font Type: Bell MT; Font Size:16; Align: Center; Bold: No; with label corresponding author and # symbols	Example: Corresponding Authors# Prof. First Author Email: abc@sdc.com Contact: +91-9876543210
Research Funding Information	Font Type: Bell MT; Font Size:12; Align: Center; Bold: No	
Abstract	Heading	Font Type: Times New Roman ; Font Size:12; Align: Left; Bold: Yes; Letters: UPPERCASE
	Text	Start with New Line; Font Type: Times New Roman ; Font Size:10; Align: Left; Bold: No;
Keywords	Heading	Font Type: Times New Roman ; Font Size:10; Align: Left; Bold: Yes; Letters: UPPERCASE
	Text	Start with a line of the heading; Font Type: Times New Roman; Font Size:10; Align: Left; Bold: No;
Introduction	Heading	Font Type: Times New Roman ; Font Size:12; Align: Left; Bold: Yes; Letters: UPPERCASE
Literature Review		
Method		
Review		
Result	Main Text	Start with New Line; Font Type: Times New Roman ; Font Size:10; Align: Left; Bold: No;
Discussion		
Future Scope		
Conclusion		
Acknowledgment		
Abbreviations and Acronyms	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • As much as possible to avoided use of abbreviations and acronyms in the article. • Explain all abbreviations and acronyms were used first time in manuscript. • Used all journal title abbreviations and acronyms in reference section like IJREST. • All abbreviations and acronyms in figures and table explain them as a footnote. 	
Units	Use any one from SI/ CGS unit system in the article	

HEADINGS

HEADINGS					
Headings	Main Heading of Manuscript	Font Type :	Times New Roman	Examples: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. ABSTRACT 2. INTRODUCTION 3. LITERATURE REVIEW 4. METHOD/ REVIEW 5. RESULT 6. DISCUSSION 7. FUTURE SCOPE 8. CONCLUSION 9. ACKNOWLEDGMENT 10. REFERENCES 11. AUTHORS SECTION 	
		Font Size:	12		
		All letter:	CAPITAL		
		Align :	Left		
		Sequence Number of Heading:	Numeric Number System		
	Text Below the Main Heading	Font Type :	Times New Roman		
		Font Size :	10		
		Align :	Left		
	Subheading Below the Main Heading	Level :	Two only		Examples: 1. INTRODUCTION <i>1.1.Part A</i> <i>1.1.2.Part B</i> <i>A. Part C</i> <i>a. Part D</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Part E
		Font Type:	Times New Roman		
		Font Size:	10		
		Align:	Left		
		Letter :	First letter capital only; Bold, Italic		
After two level in exceptional cases:		After that used Alphabets Capital, Small, Bullets or Symbols respectively			
Text Below the Subheading	Font Type :	Times New Roman			
	Font Size :	10			
		Left			

		Align :	
--	--	---------	--

TABLES																																										
Tables	The label of the table	Label Position of Table	Above the Table, After the Table Sequence Number	Table - 1: Way to Represent																																						
		Table Sequence Number if More than one table	Table-1, Table-2,...		<p>All tables in any section must follow one sequence and user Arabic number system for ordering table. If the first Table in Introduction section the sequence number as "Table-1", after in Method section second Table so sequence number as "Table-2" and so no.....</p> <p>Examples of Table Formats:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Table - 1: First Way to Represent</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; text-align: center;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="background-color: #f4a460;">Heading-1</th> <th style="background-color: #f4a460;">Heading-2</th> <th style="background-color: #f4a460;">Heading-3</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Text/ Value</td> <td>Text/ Value</td> <td>Text/ Value</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Text/ Value</td> <td>Text/ Value</td> <td>Text/ Value</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Text/ Value</td> <td>Text/ Value</td> <td>Text/ Value</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="text-align: center;">Table - 2 : Second Way to Represent</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; text-align: center;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="background-color: #f4a460;">Heading-1</th> <td>Text/ Value</td> <td>Text/ Value</td> </tr> <tr> <th style="background-color: #f4a460;">Heading-2</th> <td>Text/ Value</td> <td>Text/ Value</td> </tr> <tr> <th style="background-color: #f4a460;">Heading-3</th> <td>Text/ Value</td> <td>Text/ Value</td> </tr> </thead> </table> <p style="text-align: center;">Table - 3: Third Way to Represent</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; text-align: center;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="background-color: #f4a460;">B A</th> <th style="background-color: #f4a460;">Headin g-1</th> <th style="background-color: #f4a460;">Headin g-2</th> <th style="background-color: #f4a460;">Headin g-3</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <th style="background-color: #f4a460;">Heading -1</th> <td>Text/ Value</td> <td>Text/ Value</td> <td>Text/ Value</td> </tr> <tr> <th style="background-color: #f4a460;">Heading -2</th> <td>Text/ Value</td> <td>Text/ Value</td> <td>Text/ Value</td> </tr> <tr> <th style="background-color: #f4a460;">Heading -3</th> <td>Text/ Value</td> <td>Text/ Value</td> <td>Text/ Value</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Heading-1	Heading-2	Heading-3	Text/ Value	Text/ Value	Text/ Value	Text/ Value	Text/ Value	Text/ Value	Text/ Value	Text/ Value	Text/ Value	Heading-1	Text/ Value	Text/ Value	Heading-2	Text/ Value	Text/ Value	Heading-3	Text/ Value	Text/ Value	B A	Headin g-1	Headin g-2	Headin g-3	Heading -1	Text/ Value	Text/ Value	Text/ Value	Heading -2	Text/ Value	Text/ Value	Text/ Value	Heading -3	Text/ Value	Text/ Value	Text/ Value
		Heading-1	Heading-2			Heading-3																																				
		Text/ Value	Text/ Value			Text/ Value																																				
		Text/ Value	Text/ Value			Text/ Value																																				
		Text/ Value	Text/ Value			Text/ Value																																				
		Heading-1	Text/ Value			Text/ Value																																				
		Heading-2	Text/ Value			Text/ Value																																				
		Heading-3	Text/ Value			Text/ Value																																				
	B A	Headin g-1	Headin g-2	Headin g-3																																						
	Heading -1	Text/ Value	Text/ Value	Text/ Value																																						
	Heading -2	Text/ Value	Text/ Value	Text/ Value																																						
	Heading -3	Text/ Value	Text/ Value	Text/ Value																																						
	Font Type:	Times New Roman																																								
	Font Size:	9																																								
Align:	Center																																									
Heading Font Style	Type:	Times New Roman																																								
	Size:	10																																								
	Bold :	Yes																																								
	Line Spacing :	1.0																																								
	Align :	Center																																								
Table Text Font Style	Type :	Times New Roman																																								
	Size :	10																																								
	Line Spacing :	1.0																																								
	Align :	Center																																								
Subfigure Labels in Multipart Tables	<p>Multipart Table should be combined and labeled before final submission. Labels should appear centered above each sub table in 9 point Times New Roman font in the format of (a) (b) (c).</p>																																									

FIGURES

Figure Types	Graphs, Charts, CKT Diagrams, Block Diagrams, Venn Diagrams, Trees, Timing Diagrams, Network Diagrams, Flowcharts, Histograms, Scatter Plots, Three-Dimensional Diagrams, Population Density Maps, Exploded Views, Screen Shots of Experimental setup, Result of Simulators and others		
	For Other Types of Diagrams ref:		https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Diagram
Font Style for All Figures Type	Label Position of Figure	Below the Figures, Start After the Sequence Number of the Figure	Examples: Figure-1: Result of Experiment
	Figure Sequence Number	Figure-1, Figure-2 and so on	All Figures in any section must follow one sequence. If the first Figure in Introduction section the sequence number as “Figure-1”, after in Method section second Figure sequence number as “Figure-2” and so no.....
	Font Type:	Times New Roman	
	Font Size:	9	
	Align:	Center	
Figure Parameter	Quality	Visibility to All Parameter	The figure must be neat and clean, clear visible all parameters like blocks, section, lines, and text etc.....
	Align	left	
	Label	To Define the figure	Examples: Figure-1: Result of Experiment
	Images	300 dpi	Clear visibility of the image
	Diagrams Designed by Tools	First Preferences to use in Manuscript	List of tools for designing different figures and diagrams: link
	Citation	[1], Use Square Bracket and Number System	Reference section must have the detail of the article, sequence number of reference section insert in that square bracket with label Example: Figure-1: Block diagram of the method [1].
	Multipart Figures	Figures compiled by more than one sub-figure presented side-by-side or stacked. If a multipart figure is made up of multiple figure types (one part is line art, and another is grayscale or color) the figure should meet the stricter guidelines.	
	File Formats for Graphics	All format of the graphic can use	
	Sizing of Graphics	Dynamic; sizing done by the editorial staff of the journal.	
	Resolution	at least 300dpi to 600dpi	
Vector Art	Accept vector format, we suggest use in the manuscript.		

Subfigure Labels in Multipart Figures	Multipart figures should be combined and labeled before final submission. Labels should appear centered below each subfigure in 9 point Times New Roman font in the format of (a) (b) (c).
--	--

EQUATIONS/ FORMULAS				
Equations or Formulas	Sequence Number of Equations/ Formulas	Equation-1, Equation-2.....	All Equations in any section must follow one sequence. If first Equation in Introduction section the sequence number as “Equation-1”, in case, after in Method section second Equation so sequence number as “Equation-2: and so no.....	
	Citation	[1], Use Square Bracket and Arabic Number System	Reference section must have the detail of the article, sequence number of reference section insert in that square bracket with label Example: Equation-1: Block diagram of the method [1].	
	Used Tools for Writing	First Preferences to use in Manuscript		
	Visibility	Clear and readable		
	Label of Equation	Location Right side of the Equation with dotted lines, after dotted line wire sequence number	Example-1: $\rho = \frac{\bar{E}}{J_c(T = \text{const.}) \cdot \left(P \cdot \left(\frac{\bar{E}}{E_c} \right)^m + (1 - P) \right)} \dots \text{Equation-1}$	
			Example-2 (if equation refer to published articles) $\rho = \frac{\bar{E}}{J_c(T = \text{const.}) \cdot \left(P \cdot \left(\frac{\bar{E}}{E_c} \right)^m + (1 - P) \right)} \dots \text{Equation-1[3]}$ Square bracket number indicate equation refer to some punished article which references given in reference section.	
	Symbols Explanation/ Detail	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The symbol used to explain equation define later below the equation. • Purpose and use of equation clearly explain in the manuscript below the equation. 		

REFERENCES

References	Text :	Font Type:	Times New Roman
		Font size:	10
		Align:	Left
		Line Spacing:	1.5
		Uppercase	All Text in Uppercase
	Sequence Number:	Used Numeric	[1]
		Number System	[2]
		[3]	
Formats	<p>The format of the published article in any journal:</p> <p>ALL AUTHORS NAMES IN ORDER, "TITLE OF ARTICLE", JOURNAL TITLE, PUBLISHER, ISSN, VOLUME NUMBER, ISSUE NUMBER, MONTH, YEAR OF PUBLICATION PAGE NUMBER (AFTER PAGE NUMBER OTHER DETAIL IF AVAILABLE DATE OF PUBLICATION, DOI).</p> <p>Example:</p> <p>[1] SWAPNALI SAWAKARE AND DIMPLE CHAUDHARI, "CLASSIFICATION OF BRAIN TUMOR USING DISCRETE WAVELET TRANSFORM, PRINCIPAL COMPONENT ANALYSIS, AND PROBABILISTIC NEURAL NETWORK ", INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL FOR RESEARCH IN EMERGING SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY, ISSN: 2349-7610, VOLUME-1, ISSUE-6, NOVEMBER, 2014, PAGE NUMBER: 13-19</p> <p>Above Format and Example is for a published article in any journal, download and refer other published, unpublished, print version, online version, and other types of work citation formats and examples.</p> <p>Downloads and refer the citation formats and examples guidelines</p>		

Authors Details											
Full name of all authors or	<p>Prefix use only prof/Dr. in the name if any.</p> <p>Assistant professor, associate professor/ professor write prefix Prof.</p> <p>If authors doctorate in that case only use prefix Dr.</p>	<p>First Middle Surname</p> <p>Prof. First Middle Surname</p> <p>Dr. First Middle Surname</p> <p><First name> <Last name></p> <p>First Surname</p> <p>Prof. First Surname</p> <p>Dr. First Surname</p>	<div style="text-align: center; border: 1px solid black; width: 100px; height: 100px; background-color: orange; margin: 0 auto 20px auto;"> <p>Author Photo</p> </div> <p>Name: XXX XXXX, Email: x123@xxx.xxx Contact(Mob and Landline): Permanent Postal Address: Current Affiliation/ Student(UG/PG/PhD): Current Organization/ Institute: Organization / Institute Email & Contact: Organization / Institute Address: Membership detail: Objective for Publishing the Article:</p>								
Photo	<p>200 to 600 dpi; Height:120 pixels; Width:90 pixels</p>	<p>Author photos Head and shoulders shots of authors which appear at the end of our papers.</p>									
Email	<p>Official; Others</p>										
Contact	<p>Mobile and Landline</p>										
Current Affiliations	<p>Post hold by authors</p>										
Current Organization/ Institute	<p>Department, Organization/ Institute detail information with contacts detail and address</p>										
Past and previous Membership	<p>Membership detail if any like, Editor of any journal, member of any research communities, societies, organization, like IEEE, IETE, Elsevier, and others.</p>										
Text Format	<table border="1" style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%;">Font type</td> <td>Times New Roman</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Font Size</td> <td>10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Line Spacing</td> <td>1.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Align</td> <td>left</td> </tr> </table>	Font type		Times New Roman	Font Size	10	Line Spacing	1.5	Align	left	
Font type	Times New Roman										
Font Size	10										
Line Spacing	1.5										
Align	left										
The objective of Publishing Article	<p>Explain the purpose behind to publish the article. It for research, academic purpose, carrier advancement, and others. Also summarized your article use and future scope and how useful for others.</p>										

Journal Basic Detail for Authors

<p>Submission Process of the Manuscript</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Authors must check the manuscript as per checklist and send the manuscript to the journal with that checklist. • The Manuscript sends to the journal by corresponding author mail with to editorinchief@ijrest.net. • The subject of mail is corresponding author name of the manuscript, Date of submission, and submitting the manuscript for review and publication. (eg. Prof. Ravikumar Mishra, Date: 25-Jan-2018, submitting the manuscript for review and publication) • Authors need to submit the sign self-certification form with this mail.
<p>Timelines for all Process</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Review: Minimum 5 to 15 days required to review the manuscript • Modification: There is no modifications time limit on authors, but all the times of after modifications in the manuscript must go through the review process again and again until accepting the manuscript for publication. • Publication: after receiving acceptance authors need to send some documents like copyright transfer agreement. The Journal Publish manuscript minimum 10days after the journal received all required document from authors.
<p>Process of Reviewing the Manuscript</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Read following details on the Journal link
<p>Process Revising and Modification of the Manuscript</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Read following details on the Journal link
<p>Process of Publications</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Read following details on the Journal link
<p>Copyright Transfer Agreement</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Read following details on the Journal link
<p>Copyright Policies</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Read following details on the Journal link
<p>Publication Ethics</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Read following details on the Journal link
<p>Journal Policies</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Read following details on the Journal link
<p>List of Document to send by authors to the journal</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Self-Certification Form (at the time of reviewing) 2. Copyright Transfer Agreement 3. Conflict of Interest Form 4. Payment Receipts of Publication Charges

Check List for Submission of the Manuscript

Manuscript Ready for Submission	Authors must verify they prepare the manuscript as per journal guidelines	Check List	Yes / No / NA	<p>Yes: If author checked all manuscript as per journal instruction.</p> <p>No: if any section not as journal instruction or confusion in any section instruction of journal or not understand how to prepare that section.</p> <p>NA: Not applicable for manuscript submitting if any section not part of the manuscript. (it use in only to differentiate original research article or review article section by authors)</p>
		Title		
		Authors Name		
		Abstract		
		Keywords		
		Abbreviations and acronyms		
		Units (SI/ CGS)		
		Tables		
		Figures		
		Equations/ Formulas		
		Introduction		
		Literature Review		
		Method		
		Review		
		Result		
		Discussion		
		Future Scope		
Conclusion				
Acknowledgment				
References				
Authors Detail				

6. Cover Letter

Cover Letter for Manuscript Submission

Cover Letter

The covering letter should be written by the corresponding author. All author's names are to be included in the letter, also stating the article has not been published elsewhere or communicated to any other publication apart from International Journal for Research in Emerging Science and Technology.

Cover Letter Format

To,

Editor IJREST,

<p>Title of the Manuscript:</p>	<p>“Title of the Manuscript”</p>
<p>First Author:</p>	<p>Name of Author: Affiliation: Qualification: Membership Info: Email: Contact/ Mobile Number: Address for Communication:</p>
<p>Corresponding Author:</p>	<p>Name of Author: Affiliation: Qualification: Membership Info: Email: Contact/ Mobile Number: Address for Communication:</p>

<p>All Authors Name in Order:</p>	<p>Name of Author: Affiliation: Qualification: Membership Info: Email: Contact/ Mobile Number: Address for Communication:</p>
<p>Is The Manuscript Suitable for Journal Scope and Publication? (Yes/No)</p>	<p>Corresponding Author Fill This Section;</p>
<p>The Manuscript is not Submitted to Other Publication (Yes/ No):</p>	<p>Corresponding Author Fill This Section;</p>
<p>Provide personal contact and conflict of interest to editorial board member of journal if any (Yes/ No):</p>	<p>Corresponding Author Fill This Section;</p>